

VAST CROWDS AT FUNERAL OF PARIS EDITOR

Police and Troops Line Route of
Procession and No Untow-
ard Incident Occurs

MME. CAILLAUX BREAKS DOWN

France Sees Second Dreyfus Case
In Crisis Which Murder
Has Caused

Paris, March 20.—The police and military authorities took great precautions today to prevent any disturbances at the funeral of Editor Calmette. Detachments of police were stationed all along the route.

The funeral of the victim of Mme. Caillaux took place in a church within a block of the residence of his assassin. Hours before the procession moved, vast crowds filled the streets. Besides the police who were all along the route, squadrons of mounted Republican guards occupied strategic positions.

Among those present at the funeral were former President Loubet, two former premiers, Attorney Labori, who is to defend Mme. Caillaux, Sarah Bernhardt and hundreds of other notables. Some of the many wreaths bore "Victim of devotion to his country," and "Killed on the field of honor." The procession reached the cemetery without incident. The crowds along the route were silent and uncovered.

Returning from the cemetery, ex-Premier Barthou and Briand were cheered by the crowd. A royalist enthusiast shouted, "Cheers for Calmette." He was attacked by the crowd and wounded by a revolver shot.

Mme. Caillaux Breaking Down. Mme. Caillaux killed Editor Calmette of the Figaro when he published a facsimile of a letter sent to her by her husband, before marriage. In this letter Calmette admitted that while pretending to support the income tax law he was in reality knifing it.

The beautiful woman who disrupted a cabinet and caused her husband's retirement as minister of finance, is deeply affected by the street demonstrations. Two men remain constantly near her but she asks no favors and scarcely notices them.

Mme. Caillaux meanwhile sleeps on a narrow iron bedstead in the prison of Saint Lazare. Her hitherto remarkably calm attitude is breaking down under the torture of being all ways under watchful observation.

Sympathy is Spreading. The violence of attacks made upon Calmette and wife has aroused sympathy for them in some quarters, and it is evident that both are on the verge of collapse. Georges Clemenceau, former premier, declared that the entire affair was similar to the Dreyfus case, and that he permitted to go no further.

The factional strife and public sentiment aroused by the killing of Calmette and the charges made against Caillaux are growing more bitter hourly. The police continue their vigilance in the determination to prevent any serious outbreak, and crowds that gather are speedily dispersed.

Attacks Mme. Caillaux. Maurice Dewallef, editor of the Paris-Midi, in a savage article declared that Mme. Caillaux must go to prison. "I have more respect for a street walker than her in her silks," the editorial declares.

Dewallef said it was lucky that he was not present when Calmette was shot and declared he could not understand why employees in the Figaro offices did not tell Mme. Caillaux in her tracks.

Labori Her Lawyer. Fairly overshadowing the present political situation is the certainty that the defense will be the "unwritten law." Maitre Labori, one of the most noted attorneys in France, has agreed to defend Mme. Caillaux, "for the sake of humanity." He was a friend of Calmette, but said the fact that the accused was a woman and without friends, led him to accept her case. He defended Captain Dreyfus.

With such a defense as is planned, efforts will be directed toward showing justification for the slaying of Calmette by Mme. Caillaux in defense of her own name and to shield her daughters. The airing of political intrigues and the shaking of the entire administration is promised by the fight that will be made to save Mme. Caillaux.

Honri Robert, considered the most celebrated lawyer in France, was asked to defend Mme. Caillaux, but refused on the ground that he was a close personal friend of M. Calmette.

Figaro's Comment Is Bitter. The Figaro comments with extreme bitterness on the treatment of Mme. Caillaux in prison and compares the exceptional privileges and comforts accorded her with the treatment of the other prisoners. It complains that she

ALWAYS ON THE JOB



While Ambassador Page talks pleasantries to the British about the Panama canal, his home government sews up by treaty the only other possible canal route, thereby keeping a firm grip on the situation.

WOTHERSPOON MAY SUCCEED GEN. WOOD

Man of Much Experience Slated to
Be Next Chief of Staff

Washington, D. C., March 20.—Major General William W. Wotherspoon, who is believed to be slated to succeed Major General Leonard Wood when the latter's tour of duty as chief of staff of the army expires next month, has the reputation of being one of the most thorough students of military matters in the army. He is an authority on the theory and tactics of war, and has published several valuable pamphlets dealing with phases of the war game. In addition, as president of the War College and more recently as assistant chief of staff, he has been foremost for several years in planning and deciding movements of the army. He, with his assistants in the War College, made out the schedule by which troops were first mobilized on the Mexican border when affairs in the southern republic assumed a threatening aspect in 1912.

In Army Since 1873. General Wotherspoon is a native of this city. He was appointed to the army as a second lieutenant in 1873 and was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant in 1879. During his entire military career he has been identified with the infantry branch of the service. From 1895 to 1898 he served on the general staff and during a part of that period was president of the War College. For one year, beginning in May, 1898, he was assistant to the chief of staff and then followed another two-year period as head of the War College. At the beginning of 1912 he was placed in command of the department of the gulf and continued at that post until transferred back to Washington to act again as assistant chief of staff. General Wotherspoon was born November 18, 1856, so that if he is appointed to the position of chief of staff he will have but eight months to serve before he is retired for age.

FAVORS DEEP LAKE CHANNEL.

Senator Townsend Wants Waterway
For Ocean Boats.

Washington, March 20.—A 35-foot waterway through existing channels, between Chicago and Duluth and the Atlantic ocean, rather than the construction of a new route, was urged by Senator Townsend, of Michigan, in a speech in the senate today. Senator Townsend declared a 35-foot depth, to accommodate the largest ocean-going vessels, could be established, and that the return from the disposal of water power sites and operation of the improved channel would make the project a paying one.

Artificial waterways that have been proposed to form the complete route, are: From Georgian Bay to the Ottawa river and thence to the St. Lawrence, and by canal from the lower end of Lake Huron to Lake Erie and thence through the enlarged Welland canal to Lake Ontario, thence through the locks and dams down the St. Lawrence to Montreal.

WOULD PUT ISSUE UP TO THE STATES

Shafroth Amendment Is Referred
to Suffrage Committee

Washington, March 20.—Senator Shafroth succeeded today in having referred to the suffrage committee his resolution for a constitutional amendment requiring states to decide the woman suffrage question for themselves whenever five per cent of the voters petitioned for it.

Suffrage Measure Defeated. The Senate late yesterday voted down the Ashurst resolution to provide for a constitutional amendment extending suffrage to women. The result was 55 to 34. It would have required a two-thirds vote to pass the resolution.

The Vardaman amendment, which in effect proposed repealing the fifteenth constitutional amendment extending suffrage to negroes and then to grant women the right to vote, was defeated, 48 to 19. An amendment by Senator Williams to grant the vote to white women only was defeated, 44 to 21.

When it was all over suffragist leaders jubilantly pointed to the majority of one as conclusive proof that their cause had scored a triumph in defeat and was immeasurably stronger than its opponents had ever been willing to concede.

ONE KILLED, TWENTY HURT, IN STREET CAR COLLISION

Gasport, N. Y., March 20.—Glenn Bridgman was killed and twenty persons were injured, two fatally, in a collision of trolley cars here, A Rochester bound car stopped at the Gasport station at midnight for orders. The motorman and conductor entered the car started at full speed. For two miles it ran wild. At Wellsville it crashed into a Buffalo bound car, telescoping it. Only one passenger escaped injury.

L. W. W. AND SOCIALISTS FIGHT IN NEW YORK.

New York, N. Y., March 20.—Fifty young men marching under two banners of the Industrial Workers of the World invaded a mass meeting of the socialist party in Cooper Union last night. Joseph O'Carroll, who has taken a leadership in the recent activities of the unemployed, was attacked by ushers, when, upon the platform, he declined to stop speaking when requested by the socialist chairman. Immediately there was a fight. O'Carroll's followers surging to the front to follow him. The police rushed into the hall swinging night sticks and order was restored after numbers of persons had fled from the building. Many women were in the audience. St. Paul is to have a frog and switch factory this year.

AWFUL TRAGEDIES IN NEWS OF DAY

Washington Man Kills Three—Far-
mer Wipes Out Family

Washington, March 20.—Herman Kanbasky, a grocer, shot his wife, his mother-in-law and his brother-in-law and was himself wounded after a pistol duel with a policeman. The wife probably will die. Domestic troubles are believed to have been the cause.

Demented Man Kills Family. Oak Park, Ga., March 20.—J. A. Eubanks, a farmer, killed his wife with an axe and his two little daughters with a knife as they slept, fired his home and several other farm buildings and fatally shot himself. He is believed to have been demented.

Two Miners Disappear. Pottsville, Pa., March 20.—The earth opened and swallowed two miners and a shanty at Mountsides today. No trace has been found of the men or of the building. They have been dropped five hundred feet and it may require weeks to learn of their fate.

Lava Injures on American. Tokyo, March 20.—Frank Ferrel, an American volcanologist, was slightly burned about the hands and feet in an explosion of molten lava, while studying the volcano Sakura-jima.

MICHIGAN RAILROADS' NET REVENUE \$66,667,200 IN YEAR.

Lansing, Mich., March 20.—The steam railroads of Michigan had total revenues from transportation for the year ending July 1, 1912, amounting to \$66,667,200.61, according to the annual report of the state railroad commission. Total operating revenue was \$67,460,752.57 for the same period. The passenger service revenue for the year was \$20,399,207.46.

Some idea of the freight revenue of some of the larger roads in the state can be gleaned from the following figures: Ann Arbor railroad, \$1,418,711.09; Chicago & Northwestern, \$2,349,680.59; Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, \$1,829,173.98; Grand Rapids & Indiana, \$2,153,346.61; Lake Shore, \$2,144,626.29; Michigan Central, \$1,335,483.22; Pere Marquette, \$8,832,399.93; Wabash, \$1,267,180.72; and Grand Trunk system, \$3,319,435.73.

THREE OFFICIALS OF THE WESTERN FUEL COMPANY GIVEN JAIL SENTENCES.

San Francisco, Cal., March 20.—The three officials of the Western Fuel company who were recently convicted of conspiracy to defraud the federal government were given jail sentences last night by Judge Maurice T. Dooling of the United States district court in this city. James B. Smith, vice president and general manager, was sentenced to serve one and a half years in San Quentin and to pay a fine of \$5,000; Fred C. Mills, superintendent, was also sentenced to one and a half years in San Quentin; Edward H. Mayer, a weigher, was given a year in the county jail.

IS KIDNAPED BY MEXICANS BUT MAKES ESCAPE

Charles Ballard, an American, Man-
ages to Release Himself and
Swims Rio Grande

FIRE AT BUT IS UNHURT

Indications Point to Mexican Fed-
eral Soldiers as Perpetra-
tors of the Plot

Austin, Texas, March 20.—Charles Ballard, an American, was kidnaped by five Mexicans near Carruzo Springs, but escaped by diving into the Rio Grande.

The sheriff of Dimmit county, said "Ballard was kidnaped in this way yesterday morning at 9 o'clock by five Mexicans, and led by a rope around his neck and his hands tied behind to the river near San Pedro Ranch. When led into the river, he managed to cut the rope, freed himself, dived and swam to the Mexican side. He was shot at several times. Unhurt he plunged into the river, diving under, swam to the American side and escaped. Indications point to federal Mexican soldiers as the perpetrators.

Will Welcome Negotiations. Washington, D. C., March 20.—The United States government will welcome a re-opening of negotiations with the Huerta government of the constitutionalists and will be glad to consider any proposal that will tend to draw the various factions together into a plan for the restoration of peace in Mexico.

This is the attitude of President Wilson as it was revealed after reports reached him saying Senator Rojas, minister for foreign affairs in the Huerta cabinet, had gone to meet John Lind, Mr. Wilson's personal representative, to seek a resumption of the peace parleys.

Speaking of the administration's policy in the House, Representative Hulings of Pennsylvania, Progressive, said: "A strong man like Theodore Roosevelt would have settled the difficulty and there would have been no civil war. President Wilson followed in Taft's footsteps and, instead of taking firm, positive steps, adopted what he called the 'watchful waiting' policy."

DR. ELIOT IS 80 TODAY.

President Emeritus of Harvard Enjoys
Splendid Health.

Boston, Mass., March 20.—Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University and probably the most distinguished of American educators, observed quietly his eightieth birthday anniversary at his home in Cambridge today. He passed a large part of the day as usual, among his books, although interrupted now and then by friends who came to congratulate him. During the past few days many letters of greetings have arrived at the Eliot home from friends in all parts of America, in Europe and in far-off Japan and China.

Dr. Eliot was born in Boston and has always made his home in this vicinity, with the exception of the years that he has spent in foreign travel and study. He began his career as an educator at the age of nineteen, when he was appointed a tutor in mathematics at Harvard. In 1869 he was elected to the presidency of the university and continued in that position for forty years. Since he gave up the active duties of the presidency in 1909, Dr. Eliot has devoted his time largely to the propagation of what has been termed "the new religion," which is designed as a common ground on which persons of all races and all creeds may meet.

At eighty years of age Dr. Eliot appears to be in excellent health, having fully recovered from the effects of the operation for appendicitis which he was forced to undergo while traveling in Asia a year or so ago.

OPEN BOMBAY'S GREAT DOCKS.

Elaborate Ceremonies Mark Comple-
tion of \$30,000,000 Job.

Bombay, March 20.—Lord Hardinge, Viceroy and governor general of India, arrived here today and formally opened the new Bombay docks, the foundation-stone for which was laid by King George in 1905 when he visited India as Prince of Wales. The new docks comprise the Alexandra wet dock, which provides three miles of deep water quays, and the Hughes dry dock, which is said to be the second largest graving dock in the world and able to accommodate the largest ship afloat. The combined works are estimated to have cost more than \$30,000,000.

ESTABLISHES AVIATION RECORD.

Johannisthal, March 20.—An altitude record of 12,303 feet for flight with three passengers was established by Thelen, a German aviator, here.

TAYLOR'S BILL FOR MINING EXPERIMENT STATIONS APPROVED

Washington, March 20.—Representative Taylor's bill, establishing ten mining experiment stations to improve labor and health conditions, one in Alaska and the others in mining states in the west, was favorably acted upon by the mines committee and it will go to the House.

FIRST SHOT IS FIRED IN BIG BASEBALL WAR

Suit Is Filed by Federal League to
Secure Catcher Killifer

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 20.—The first legal shot of the baseball war of 1914 was fired here today by the Federal league in filing a petition with the United States district court for the Western District of Michigan asking for an injunction to restrain William J. Killifer, Jr., formerly catcher of the Philadelphia Nationals, from playing baseball with any club other than the Chicago Federals.

Killifer signed a three year contract with the Chicago Federals but afterward was persuaded that the reserve clause in his old contract with the Philadelphia club held him legally to Philadelphia, and he joined his former team. The suit involves the legality of the reserve clause, long regarded as one of the bulwarks of organized baseball. The suit was brought in the Western Michigan district because Killifer is a resident of Pax Paw, Mich.

After reciting the organization of the Chicago Federal League baseball club, for the purpose of maintaining a baseball club, the bill declared "that it was necessary to engage the services of baseball players of unique and extraordinary skill and experience, among whom was the defendant," Bill Killifer.

Big Salary Offered Player.

The complaint which was signed by Charles Weeghman, president of the Chicago Federal League baseball club, told of the signing of the contract by Killifer in which he agreed to play for three years for the Chicago Federals for a total of \$17,500, or \$5,833.33 a year. The contract, a copy of which was attached to the petition for an injunction, expressly stipulated, the court was informed, that Killifer agreed to devote his entire time and attention to the service of the Chicago Federals. The court was informed that \$500 was advanced to Killifer on account, and was accepted by him, and is still retained.

Failure to report for practice, in accordance with his contract, was alleged against Killifer.

The bill then set forth the information "that baseball team consist of nine regular players, besides substitutes, each of whom play in different position to wit: pitcher, catcher, first base, second base, short stop, third base, rightfield, center field, and left field." "That one of the principal positions on a baseball team is that of catcher, that on account of its importance and of the extraordinary skill, adaptability and training necessary for the expert playing of this position it is more difficult to secure an expert catcher than any of other players."

Tribute to Killifer's Skill.

A tribute to the ability of Catcher Killifer was contained in a paragraph which informed the court "that the defendant is a baseball player, to wit a catcher, of unique and extraordinary skill and experience, and of such personal and intellectual character that his loss cannot be substantially compensated for by the services of some other baseball catcher."

The bill set forth that the Chicago Federals will suffer irreparable injury unless a restraining order issues enjoining Catcher Killifer from playing with clubs other than the Chicago Federals, and more particularly with the Philadelphia Nationals, with whom the complainant believes Killifer is now in active practice in preparation for the opening of the baseball season. Judge Sessions is absent from the city, and it is impossible to secure a temporary restraining order. The prayer for this was stricken out, and instead April 3 was fixed as the date for hearing the question of a temporary injunction.

STRIKE HEARINGS ARE TO BE RESUMED IN WASHINGTON MONDAY.

Washington, March 20.—The congressional hearings of the Michigan copper strike will be resumed here Monday when John Mitchell will testify.

CARSON URGES FOLLOWERS TO REMAIN CALM

Ulster Leader and Aides Greeted
by Crowd and Guard of
Honor at Belfast

BELIEVED CRISIS IS AT HAND

Hope for Home Rule Compromise
Practically Shattered; Blood-
shed Is Predicted

Belfast, March 20.—Before landing Sir Edward Carson, who returned here today, received on the steamer Sir George Richardson, retired lieutenant-general of the British army, who is commander-in-chief of the Ulster unionist forces, together with his chief officers.

As the party came down the gangway they found drawn up a guard of honor, which was summoned to the unionist headquarters last night. The crowd gave them a hearty welcome, cheering wildly and firing into the air with revolvers.

The great activity displayed at the unionist headquarters and army barracks has caused considerable excitement among the people of Belfast, who momentarily are expecting a decisive move on part of the unionist chiefs or government.

In response to instructions from army headquarters, six hundred infantrymen arrived at Newry for the Curragh and Mullingar garrison, Londonderry, while two warships arrived in Dublin bay.

Crisis Has Been Reached.

Grave events are impending in Ulster, according to the unionist newspapers, and a rumor is current that the government is preparing for the military occupation of the province. There are various indications that a crisis has been reached.

A vote of censure on the British government, which was moved in the house of commons, yesterday by Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the opposition was rejected, 345 to 352.

Sir Edward Carson made a dramatic exit from the house before the debate was concluded to catch a train for Belfast.

Austen Chamberlain declared last night that Sir Edward had been called away in response to sudden developments in Ireland. Other unionists asserted that the Ulster men can no longer be restrained from an outbreak and that Sir Edward's mission is an endeavor to hold them in check.

The Daily Telegraph says: "Unless all omens are false, blood will be spilt in Ulster before the house of commons sees Sir Edward Carson again."

The view of both liberal and unionist papers is that all chances of settlement by consent are ended and the home rule bill will be passed in its original form.

JOHN L. LAWSON, STAR REPORTER FOR CHICAGO TRIBUNE, IS KILLED.

Chicago, Ill., March 20.—John L. Lawson, reporter for the Chicago Tribune, and one of the best known newspaper men in this city, was killed here late yesterday by a fall from an elevator shaft in the Press club building. Lawson, who was 36 years old, was unmarried. He was born on Prince Edward's Island.

The tragedy was a shock to the newspaper fraternity here. Newspaper men discussing his death declared that Lawson was the "best reporter in Chicago." He had been a reporter for about fifteen years, chiefly in this city. His news stories were held up as models for reporters here.

SHOE WORKERS ON STRIKE.

Portsmouth, N. H., March 20.—Because the Selby, Drew and Exeter shoe companies of this city demanded employees to sign a "no strike" agreement for a period of six months, the joint council of the United Shoe Workers ordered a strike. Four thousand are affected.

THE WEATHER.

